Notes & gleanings

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In spite of increased charges, the Swiss postal revenue for the first quarter of this year totalled £1,348,829 only; £162,000 less than in the corresponding period of last year.

OBITUARY.—National rat Gustav Müller, the Vice-President of the National Council, succumbed in a Berne hospital to the results of a fatal accident; he died on May 24th, at the age of 61, without having recovered consciousness. The deceased was a member of the Social Democratic Party.

Christian Fischbacher, a commercial notability and reported to be the richest citizen of St. Gall, died on

May 13th at the age of 76.

NOTES & GLEANINGS.

The report has been published of the special Commission of experts, appointed by the League of Nations to inquire into its cost. This Commission was composed of Comte Avet, of the Italian Chamber; Senor Figueras, chairman of the Bank of Bilbao; Mr. Johnson, of the British Treasury; M. Noblemaire, of the French Chamber; and M. Villanueva, Nicaraguan Minister in Paris, who state in their summary that it is not for the Commission to make any comment upon the transfer of the seat from London to Geneva, adding:—

"Since, however, the main purpose of the Commission of Inquiry is to suggest every possible form of economy, it feels bound to point out that, at the moment, Geneva is-and, so far as it is possible to foresee, will long remain—a city in which the cost of living is, comparatively speaking, higher than in almost any city in Europe, and where the rate of exchange is, at the moment of writing, the most disadvantageous for the great majority of States members of the League. We therefore feel bound to point out, as a pure matter of fact, that, were the seat of the League situated in a town which was less expensive from the point of view both of cost of living and of the rate of exchange (if, for instance, it were at Brussels, Fontainebleau, Turin, Vienna, or almost anywhere else), an immediate economy would be effected which would be appreciable in the case of all members of the League without exception, and very considerable in the case of countries with a depreciated exchange. The only serious objections, at any rate, from a purely financial point of view . . . arise from the purchase (which is not, moreover, completely liquidated) of the buildings in which the Secretariat is accommodated. Should the Council ever contemplate a transfer of the seat of the League, it would appear that in almost all cities to which it might be transferred the use of suitable accommodation could be arranged without cost to the League. It would appear that the financial loss in such an operation (apart from the rather considerable cost of removal) would possibly not be greater than the sum to liquidate the ultimate difference between the cost price and selling price of the existing building, the latter presumably being the lower."

Regarding the staff and their salaries the report proceeds:—

"After detailed examination of the various salaries as compared with equivalent salaries elsewhere, and the reasons upon which the present figures are based, we have formed the general conclusion that while the average throughout is on the high side, in comparison with what is paid for work of equivalent value in organised Government Departments of long standing,

this high average is fully justified during the critical period while the organisation of the Secretariat is still in the making. We admit that the salaries which we propose we based on those of the highest paid civil services in the world, i.e., those of the British Empire." Concerning the Secretary-General's emoluments the report states:—

"There is no doubt that hospitality is an excellent engine for diplomacy, and a real aid to good relations. Entertainment allowances, therefore, are sometimes inevitable. We do not, therefore, recommend the reduction of his present allowance to a lower figure than £2,500, and then only on the understanding that he will be entitled to draw on the general fund for official entertainments given elsewhere than at his own house. It has further been brought to our notice that the terms of his engagement included the provision of an official house in addition to his present salary of £4,000 per annum, plus £6,000 frais de représentation. No such house has yet been supplied, and we understand that in the present state of the finance of the League Sir Eric Drummond has decided to waive the point. If, however, the recommendation made above is carried into effect, the circumstances are obviously changed, and we consider that it is only just to him that the engagement as regards the provision of an official house should be implicated in the form of a special allowance at the rate of £1,000 per annum."

Severe comments are passed on the cost of League Congresses held away from the actual seat where they should be held, thus involving the League in extra expenditure, which in the case of the Council meeting of the League in Paris last February amounted to frs. 120,000, and the Transit and Communications Conference in Barcelona in March and April, for which special trains had to be provided to carry the staff from Geneva to Barcelona

and back, cost another £7,800.

The report will doubtless provide welcome material for the enemies of the League, in particular to those who have from the beginning strongly opposed the choice of Geneva as seat for the League, and it will be exceedingly interesting from our point of view to watch future developments.

A good many years ago there lived in London one H. W. Draber, who was well known in London musical life. Now his domicile is Zurich, and there he has been largely instrumental in organising, with a committee, a series of international festival plays and concerts to take place in June and July. Performances are to be given of "Parsifal" and of "Il Seraglio" under the direction of Bruno Walter. There are to be also several concerts, of which the conductors will be Nikisch, from Leipzig, Gabriel Pierne, from Paris, Volkmar Andreae, of Zurich, and our own Sir Henry Wood. The last has selected for performance there Elgar's "Enigma Variations," Butterworth's "A Shropshire Lad," and Tchaikovsky's "Francesca da Rimini." A lovely place is Zurich, an ideal spot for a festival that includes not only music, but horseracing, yachtracing, lawn tennis and so forth. Has the Swiss Government abandoned an idea that prevailed a few years ago of converting Zurich into a modern Munich? Why not make the attempt?

(From The Daily Telegraph.)

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