

# Home news

Objektyp: **Group**

Zeitschrift: **The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK**

Band (Jahr): - **(1923)**

Heft 91

PDF erstellt am: **29.06.2024**

## **Nutzungsbedingungen**

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Inhalten der Zeitschriften. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern.

Die auf der Plattform e-periodica veröffentlichten Dokumente stehen für nicht-kommerzielle Zwecke in Lehre und Forschung sowie für die private Nutzung frei zur Verfügung. Einzelne Dateien oder Ausdrucke aus diesem Angebot können zusammen mit diesen Nutzungsbedingungen und den korrekten Herkunftsbezeichnungen weitergegeben werden.

Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Die systematische Speicherung von Teilen des elektronischen Angebots auf anderen Servern bedarf ebenfalls des schriftlichen Einverständnisses der Rechteinhaber.

## **Haftungsausschluss**

Alle Angaben erfolgen ohne Gewähr für Vollständigkeit oder Richtigkeit. Es wird keine Haftung übernommen für Schäden durch die Verwendung von Informationen aus diesem Online-Angebot oder durch das Fehlen von Informationen. Dies gilt auch für Inhalte Dritter, die über dieses Angebot zugänglich sind.

Ein Dienst der *ETH-Bibliothek*  
ETH Zürich, Rämistrasse 101, 8092 Zürich, Schweiz, [www.library.ethz.ch](http://www.library.ethz.ch)

<http://www.e-periodica.ch>

# The Swiss Observer

Telephone: CITY 4603.

Published every Friday at 21, GARLICK HILL, LONDON, E.C. 4.

Telegrams: FREPRINCO, LONDON.

No. 91

LONDON, MARCH 3, 1923.

PRICE 3d.

## PREPAID SUBSCRIPTION RATES

UNITED KINGDOM AND COLONIES	3 Months (13 issues, post free) - - -	3/6
	6 Months (26 issues, post free) - - -	6/6
SWITZERLAND	3 Months (13 issues, post free) - - -	Fr. 7.50
	6 Months (26 issues, post free) - - -	Fr. 14.-

(Swiss subscriptions may be paid into Postcheck-Konto: Basle V 5718).

## HOME NEWS

The rejection of the Savoy Zones Convention is occupying the attention of the Federal Council, conferences now taking place in Berne between interested parties; it is suggested to send a special delegation to Paris to prepare the way for a fresh understanding.

A parliamentary commission, with reference to old-age and invalidity insurance, is at present deliberating in Montreux in order to devise ways and means for financing the scheme. The introduction of a luxury tax and increases in the alcohol and tobacco duties are under discussion. For a beginning the pension would only be paid to persons who are over 70 years of age and in necessitous circumstances, and would not exceed Frs. 300.— per annum.

A very animated discussion took place in the Grand Conseil of Geneva, when the proposed donation of a valuable building plot to the League of Nations came under consideration. The Socialist members, led by National Councillor Nicole and States Councillor Burklin, lodged a strong protest, urging that the present financial position of the canton and the performances of the League of Nations did not justify a sacrifice of over 600,000 francs. The matter was referred back to a committee, on whose report the Council subsequently voted a credit of Frs. 400,000, the remaining Frs. 200,000 for the purchase of the building land being contributed by the canton. The construction of the 'Palais des Nations' will be undertaken by the Confederation.

The election, last Sunday, of two Federal States Councillors in the canton Ticino became void, as none of the candidates scored an absolute majority. The three candidates obtained the following votes: Prof. B. Bertoni (Liberal) 9,033, Dr. A. Riva (Conservative) 8,281, and G. Donini (Agrarian) 2,618; the Socialists abstained from recording their votes.

The members of the Grosse Rat in Basel-Stadt refused, by a large majority, to have their attendance money of Frs. 5.— per half-day cut down to the former figure of Frs. 3.—, the Socialists maintaining that this was an attack on their party funds, which claimed a portion of this dole.

The Zurich Kantonsrat has voted a credit of Frs. 97,000 for the extension of the police barracks in Zurich.

The Swiss Federal Railways continue to publish improved monthly statements, the figures for January exhibiting an excess of income over expenditure of Frs. 1,357,000 (chiefly due to a reduction in traffic expenses of about five million francs), as compared with a loss of Frs. 5,794,645 in January, 1922. From the 1st of May, considerable reductions will be introduced in both the goods and passenger rates. The price of the 'Generalabonnement,' however, undergoes no change, although the 'Rhätische Bahn' will be included.

Slight increases in the rates of the Swiss telegraph and telephone services came into force on March 1st.

The importation of potted plants into Switzerland has been curtailed.

The municipality of Wädenswil has received an anonymous gift of a suitable property, together with a sum of Frs. 100,000, for the purpose of erecting a public bathing establishment (Strandbad) on the shore of the lake.

The central committee of the association 'Pro Ticino' met in Berne last Sunday to elaborate the programme for the coming year. Special attention is to be given to the teaching of Italian to Ticinese children, living outside this canton, and to propagating the works of the Ticinese author Curti.

Foreign residents in Zurich have somewhat decreased in number. According to the latest return, out of a total population of 199,567 the Swiss represent 81%.

The fiscus of the canton of Grisons for the year 1922 shows a deficit of Frs. 4,766,080.

Neuchâtel is celebrating this year the 75th anniversary of the République Neuchâteloise.

A party of Swedish doctors is at present visiting several Swiss mountain resorts for the purpose of study and research.

An explosion, followed by a fire, took place last Saturday in the gas and briquet works of Rothenbach & Co., near Winznau (Olten), causing fortunately only slight injuries to workmen. Considerable damage has been done to some newly laid-down machinery, but the gas supply to Olten and neighbouring localities was not interrupted.

A party of four ski-ing enthusiasts, who were surprised by an avalanche in the Val Champagna, were extricated, under great difficulties, by members of the Samaden S.A.C., the only fatality being Dr. Edgar Fleischmann. He was a son of the Roumanian Consul-General in Zurich and had recently completed his law studies.

For fraudulent bankruptcy in connection with the Konservfabrik Bühlmann & Müller, the Lucerne criminal court has sentenced Bühlmann to 15 months hard labour (Zuchthaus) and Müller to 6 months imprisonment (Arbeitshaus).

## EXTRACTS FROM SWISS PAPERS.

**Schwyz.**—Keinen Totengräber hat die Gemeinde Arth. Wenn jemand stirbt, soll es nicht immer leicht sein, einen zu finden, der dem andern seine Grube gräbt. (*Oberrheinische Nachrichten.*)

**Un nouveau parc national.**—La Société d'histoire naturelle du canton de Vaud a récemment entendu un rapport de M. E. Wilczek, professeur de botanique à l'Université de Lausanne, sur l'établissement d'un second parc national dans la Suisse romande.

M. Wilczek a déjà fait une série de conférences et recueilli pour l'oeuvre qu'il préconise une somme de 7,500 francs.

Il estime que ce parc devrait être aménagé en Valais, dans la vallée de Conches ou dans la région du Haut-de-Bry. (*L'Ami de Morges.*)

**Une nouvelle cabane du C.A.S.**— Comme nous l'avons annoncé, la section de Montreux du Club alpin suisse se préoccupe activement de la construction d'une cabane-refuge au fond du val de Moiry. Le val de Moiry est l'une des branches supérieures du val d'Anniviers. Le val d'Anniviers à sa partie supérieure, se partage en deux branches: le val de Zinal à l'est, le val de Moiry à l'ouest, aboutissement du glacier de Moiry, qui donne naissance à la Gougrou ou Navizonne de Moiry. Il appartient tout entier à la commune de Grimonts, qui a concédé le terrain nécessaire à l'édification du refuge. C'est le centre de nombreuses excursions: le Grand-Cormier, le Bouquetin (3484 m.), le Pigne de la Lex ou de l'Allée (3404 m.), la Garde-de-Bordon (3176 m.), la Pointe de Bricolla (3663 m.), les Dents des Rosses (3620 m.), les Pointes de Mourti (3685 et 3570 m.), la Za de l'Ano (3274 et 3308 m.), la Couronne de Breonna (3164 m.), la Serra Noira (2984 m.), etc. (*La Tribune de Genève.*)

## PROF. ZSCHOKKE AT CAMBRIDGE.

By AN UNDERGRADUATE.

Professor Zschokke, head of the Faculty of Zoology and former Rector of the University of Basel, is at present giving a course of lectures at Cambridge on "The Mid-European Fauna, its Constitution, Origin and Evolution." He has for a long time been known as one of the leading authorities in Europe on parasitic worms, and, as a field for his zoological discoveries, he has supervised the investigation of that large island of glaciation which comprised all the Alpine ranges, and which was nearly at one time joined up with the northern ice sheet in Central Germany. Prof.



## About Rights and Obligations

of Zurich, Switzerland.

We have been licensed to transact the business of Insurance in the U.K. under a warrant of the Board of Trade, dated May 5, 1922.

In addition to other funds and securities in this country, we have deposited with the Paymaster General the sum of £20,000 in accordance with the Assurance Companies' Act, 1909.

We are in the same position as a British Insurance Company in every respect.

**ZURICH General Accident & Liability INSURANCE COMPANY Ltd.**

1 & 2, POULTRY, LONDON, E.C. 2.

Telephone: CENTRAL 2772.

Zschokke is also the Director of the Swiss National Park, the refuge of many animals threatened with extinction.

I have one grudge against Professor Zschokke, and that is that he lectures at 5 o'clocks. The average Cambridge undergraduate is a great believer in regular work and meals—especially the latter—so it was with an element of doubt that I contemplated the thought of attending one of Prof. Zschokke's lectures; but I succeeded one day in tearing myself away from a hurried tea, with the intention of spending that necessary hour of rest, which should intervene between tea and the period of quiet, restful meditation before dinner, in the Lecture Room patronised by Professor Zschokke and endowed by the authorities with a name descriptive of most of our modern sciences and far too long to repeat here.

My first impulse, on finding myself in the Lecture Room, was to turn tail and run, the sight of pictures of countless weird animals looking down upon me from the walls seeming to expose the intrusion of a Classic into the haunts of Zoology. However, the gaudy colouring of these creatures and the appearance of a magic-lantern fascinated me and induced me to stay; that these creatures were not nightmares, and that I was still among realities, was brought home to me by the sight of a map hanging to my left, daintily coloured and somehow familiar, yet bearing upon it the strange words: "Suisse—Schweiz—Svizzera." I was just wondering what kind of Swiss a Svizzera was, when the Professor appeared.

No longer did I think of flight. The Professor's appearance compels attention, a feeling increased by the strange light of the lecture room. Professor Zschokke attended the International Zoological Congress in Cambridge in 1898; in those days he must have been a young man. The Professor is slightly above average height and is in appearance sufficiently distinguished to be a Professor; perhaps the upward tendency of his dark hair is indication of the fact that he is only temporarily a sojourner in Cambridge. His special characteristics Professor Zschokke wisely conceals during his lectures, for I am sure a man so distinguished must have many; yet I imagine the concealment is not of his own design, since the characteristics displayed by lecturers in their lectures are generally not desirable, pointing out as they do the irritability of the lecturer. I think that the lack of such taints in the Professor's character is the reason for the lack of characteristics in the Professor's lectures. On the other hand, sense of humour, a virtue really possible for lecturers to display, in spite of the soulless nature of most of their profession, is distinctly evident in Professor Zschokke. Though following the custom of most English lecturers and ignoring almost entirely the class before him, he yet keeps in touch with them for an occasional humorous remark.

As I soon realised, one of the chief difficulties of the scheme for the exchange of lecturers is the language bar, but this has been overcome by Prof. Zschokke most successfully. The noble views shown of the Alps, the scenes of his investigations, and especially those of such well-known mountains as